

PHYSICAL EVIDENCE NOTES

Name _____

1. _____ evidence refers to any material items that would be present at the crime scene, on the victims, or found in a suspect's possession. _____ **evidence** refers to physical evidence that is found in small but measurable amounts, such as strands of hair, fibers, or skin cells.

2. The value of trace forensic evidence was first recognized by Edmund _____ in 1910. The Locard's Exchange Principle states that "with _____ between two items, there will be an _____."

3. Complete the chart below by providing examples of how each type of evidence can be used in an investigation.

Evidence	Examples of Investigative Uses
Paint	
Glass	
Explosives	
Ballistics	
Fracture Matches	
Impression Evidence	
Body Fluids	
DNA	
Fingerprints	
Hairs/Fibers	
Dust/Dirt	
Skeletal Remains	
Wounds	
Questioned Documents	

What evidence would you collect?

CRIME SCENE DO NOT CROSS

